Phonological Awareness Literacy Screening

## Buy My Sentence!

Literacy Skills / Concept of Word

## Materials

1. Big jar of pennies
2. Sample picture
K. 5

## Procedure

1. Each student looks at the picture and thinks of a sentence that goes with it. For example, if the picture is of a cat drinking milk from a blue bowl, a student might think of the sentence, "the cat is drinking," or "the black cat is drinking milk."
2. Each student counts the words in their sentence. As the teacher, use pennies to "buy" each word in the sentence.
3. Students lay the pennies out in front of them. Students repeat their sentence and tap each penny as they say each word. Students can also work in a group, with one student as the "banker" or "buyer" of sentences.
4. VARIATION: In addition to focusing on concept of word, this activity may be used to help students add detail to their sentences, creating sentences of greater monetary value.

## Dictated Captions

Literacy Skills / Concept of Word

## Materials

1. Paper
2. Pen/pencil

## Virginia SOLs

K.5, K.6, 1.5

## Procedure

1. Below a child's drawing or painting, write verbatim a simple word, phrase, or sentence that the child uses to describe the work.
2. Read each word to the child as it is written and highlight individual letters and sounds.
3. Model appropriate fingerpointing.
4. Practice reading and pointing with the child.
5. VARIATION: Use the child's dictated sentence as a cut-up sentence.

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## Following Recipes

Literacy Skills / Concept of Word

## Materials

1. A recipe written on a large chart; each step should be written in a different color and accompanied by a picture representing the object or action involved in the step
2. Cooking items: ingredients, utensils, containers, etc.

## Procedure

1. Direct the children to use the recipe as the instructions for the activity.
2. Ask children to describe what is being made, what steps are being taken, and what ingredients the cook is using. Encourage children to use pictures on the recipe card for help.
3. Highlight or underline specific words in the recipe and ask children to identify them.
4. Provide smaller copies of recipes for the children to take home. You may also wish to request recipes from parents to create a recipe book of class favorites.
K.5, 1.5

## Lots of Labels

Literacy Skills / Concept of Word

## Materials

1. Small index cards
2. Black marker

## Virginia SOLs

K. 5

## Procedure

1. With children's help, identify and name common items in the classroom.
2. Create labels for these objects in the room, such as tables, chairs, doors, windows, books, toys, etc. Clearly write the word on the card and affix it to the object.

Literacy Skills / Concept of Word

## Materials

1. Pictures cut from magazines and other sources
2. Glue
3. Paper
4. Stapler

## Virginia SOLs

## K. 5

## Procedure

1. Ask children to choose 3-5 pictures from the collection.
2. Glue each picture on to one page of paper.
3. Direct children to create a story using the pictures. Use prompting questions to guide children's thinking.
4. Record the children's dictated story on the picture pages and staple all together in a book.
5. Encourage children to read their story to family and friends.

Phonological Awareness Literacy Screening

## Morning Message <br> Literacy Skills / Concept of Word

1. A morning message written on chart paper

## Procedure

1. Write a morning message on chart paper that includes multisyllabic words, such as, "Today we are going to the library." Read the morning message aloud, touching each word as you read. If your sentence contains a two- or three-syllable word, you may touch the word the same number of times as the syllables in the word.
2. Read the sentence chorally. Invite individual children to come up and touch the words as they read.
3. The Morning Message should be left up all day. Some children may want to copy it in their journals. You might want to use it for the Cut-Up Sentence or the Be the Sentence activity. You may wish to start every day with a Morning Message, reviewing concept of word and highlights of the school day.

Phonological Awareness Literacy Screening

## Picture Schedule

Literacy Skills / Concept of Word

## Materials

1. Your daily schedule represented by pictures
2. Word cards with one word descriptions of scheduled activities

Virginia SOLs
K.1, K. 6

## Procedure

1. This activity can be a great part of your morning meeting routine. Children will eventually acquire schedule words (e.g., lunch, recess, read) as a part of their sight word vocabulary. Walk students through the class schedule, matching word cards with picture cards.
2. Ensure that the picture cards have clear, distinct meanings (e.g., a lunch box means lunch, a ball means recess, backpack means dismissal).
3. Pick one child each morning to "read" the schedule.
4. EXTENSION: If the daily schedule changes, you can address the changes in the morning message using the schedule words and symbols.

Phonological Awareness Literacy Screening

## Pre-K Cafe

Literacy Skills / Concept of Word

## Materials

1. Template of picture cards and word cards of typical snack and lunch items
2. Pocket Chart

## Virginia SOLs

K. 5

## Procedure

1. Create an ideal menu for the day. You may wish to use your school's menu or create a favorite meal menu. Represent the menu using just the word cards on a pocket chart. With your assistance, students will match the picture cards to the word cards on the pocket chart.
2. Assist children with matching the pictures to the words by drawing children's attention to initial sounds (e.g. "milk has an $/ \mathrm{m} /$ sound") or the number of words for each item, (e.g. "spaghetti with sauce is three words").
3. Emphasize that words and pictures give us information about the food served that day.
4. You may use non-menu related cards to indicate special treats or snacks.
5. VARIATION: Provide sample menus for students to observe. Allow students to create their own menus using the word cards and picture cards. Children can play restaurant at a work station, reading the menu to place an order.


A Sentence A Day<br>Literacy Skills / Concept of Word

## Materials

1. Notebook or chart paper
2. Pencils and crayons

## Virginia SOLs

K.5, 1.5

## Procedure

1. Develop a class story by sharing and writing a stock opening, such as "Once upon a time..."
2. Each morning, during group time, ask one child to contribute one sentence to the story.
3. Once each child has contributed a sentence to the story, type each sentence onto a separate page. Children can then illustrate their sentence.
4. Publish the book by binding all pages into a book.

## Sentence Sleuth

Literacy Skills / Concept of Word

## Materials

1. A familiar sentence from
a nursery rhyme, song, or favorite class book
2. Blank cards with magnets on the back

## K. 5

## Procedure

1. Use one blank card for each word in the sentence. Place the cards on the board. Review the sentence several times until all students can repeat it correctly. As you say the sentence, point to each card.
2. Say a word in the sentence and invite a child to come up to the board and touch the card that represents that word.
3. Then, say the sentence one more time, but change one of the words in the sentence (e.g., Mary had a little lamb becomes Mary had a little cat).
4. Pick one student to be the sentence sleuth. S/he will show you which word you changed by touching that card on the board.
5. EXTENSION: Using multisyllabic words in a sentence creates a more challenging activity. Longer sentences are also more challenging. Changing a word in the middle of the sentence will be more challenging than changing a word at the beginning or end of the sentence.

## Sentence Strip Word Awareness <br> Literacy Skills / Concept of Word

## Materials

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1. A long and short sentence strip for each student
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## Virginia SOLs

K.4, K. 5

## Procedure

1. This activity introduces and reinforces that words differ in length and number of syllables. Talk about how long and small words feel differently when saying them and look different when reading them. An easy way to do this is to use students' names. For example, Sam is one syllable whereas Jennifer is three.
2. Give each child a long sentence strip and a short sentence strip. Ask students to hold up the sentence strip that best fits the name Sam. Then ask students to hold up the sentence strip that best fits the name Jennifer.
3. Ask students to hold up the sentence strip that best fits their name and invite students to share their answers. You may want to have a medium size sentence strip ready for medium size names.
4. Provide, or have students brainstorm, additional words. Ask students to hold up the sentence strip that best matches the size of the word.

Treasure Hunt<br>Literacy Skills / Concept of Word

## Materials

1. Stickers, books, and other education related prizes
2. Cards with words and/or pictures of room items and locations
K. 5

## Procedure

1. Organize a treasure hunt during which small groups of children use a set of cards with words and pictures to guide their hunt.
2. Cards can indicate various locations where children can find new directions.
3. During the hunt, use questions to guide children's problem solving or for reflection following the hunt. Draw children's attention to the words that accompany the pictures.
4. After a few hunts, encourage children to hide prizes and use cards to create hunts for their classmates.
5. As the children become more successful, try using only word cards to create the treasure hunts.

## Unifix Word

Literacy Skills / Concept of Word

## Materials

1. Unifix cubes

## Virginia SOLs

K.5, 1.5

## Procedure

1. Each student composes a sentence.
2. Give them one cube for each word in their sentence.
3. Show students how to build their sentences by connecting the unifix cubes. Explain that although a word may have more than one syllable, it is still represented by only one cube in the sentence.
4. In addition, students can graph their sentences by comparing which one is the longest or shortest.
