

Beginning Phonics and Spelling
Students first learn to apply the rules of decoding and encoding (spelling) with short vowels, consonant blends, and inflectional suffixes.

Alphabetic Principle	Short Vowels: VC & CVC Words	Consonant Digraphs & Trigraphs	Double Consonant Spellings ff, II, ss, zz	Blends	Inflectional Suffixes and Doubling Rule: -s, -es, -ed, -ing, -er, -est	Two Syllables with Short Vowels
Examples: /m/ is spelled m /ă/ is spelled a /k/ can be spelled c or k /ks/ is spelled x	VC         CVC           at         map           in         pet           did         cut           mop	Examples:  ship pitch them badge with chop whip luck	Examples: fluff full floss fuzz	Examples:  be <u>nd</u> ju <u>st</u> mi <u>lk</u> clap trim stop	Examples: pin - pins fox - foxes walk - walked rest - resting fast - faster thin - thinnest run - running	Examples: cobweb bathtub picnic contact

Regularly spelled high frequency words should be taught as the spelling pattern is introduced.

Although irregularly spelled high frequency words must be memorized, all of them have some decodable part.



## **Advanced Phonics and Spelling**

Students are ready for advanced phonics when they can read and spell 1- and 2-syllable short vowel words accurately and fluently.

Schwa	Vowel -r	Long Vowel	Vowel	Hard and Soft	C-le	Silent	Dropping e	Affixes:
/ə/		Spelling	Teams for	C and G		Consonant	to Add	Prefixes and
		Patterns	Diphthongs			Letters	Vowel Suffix	Suffixes
Examples:	Examples:	Examples:	Examples:	Examples:	Examples:	Examples:	Examples:	Examples:
gall <u>o</u> n	<u>ar</u> t,	VCe - m <u>a</u> k <u>e</u>	c <u>oi</u> n	cook	ta <u>ble</u>	<u>w</u> rite	lik <u>ed</u>	<u>re</u> do
extr <u>a</u>	b <u>or</u> n	Open - <u>go</u>	t <u>oy</u>	<u>ci</u> ty	bri <u>dle</u>	g <u>h</u> ost	bak <u>ing</u>	<u>un</u> wind
nov <u>e</u> l	f <u>er</u> n	Vowel Teams -	cr <u>ow</u> n	game	pur <u>ple</u>	lam <u>b</u>	lov <u>able</u>	glad <u>ly</u>
meth <u>o</u> d	<u>ur</u> n	k <u>ey</u>	p <u>ou</u> t	gym				hope <u>ful</u>
<u>a</u> ttack	sh <u>ir</u> t	b <u>oa</u> t						
	<u>ear</u> th	s <u>igh</u> t						

Regularly spelled high frequency words should be taught as the spelling pattern is introduced.

Continue teaching spelling of more difficult irregularly spelled words.